

The small advertiser who won't trust good agencies, and wants to save their commission, usually grows no bigger than his business insight.—Judicious Advertising.

# THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

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"Advertising is no good," said the man in old clothes. "It never helped me none." The millionaire merchant smiled. "That is because you tried it, John, as the Indian tried the feather bed, who took a feather, placed it on a plank and slept on it all night. In the morning he growled: 'Pawface say feathers heap soft. Pawface heap fool. Ugh!'"—Judicious Advertising.

## PINNING DOWN THE PRESIDENT A TRUST BUSTER

Bellamy Storer Reiterates the Charge Concerning Activity in Behalf of Ireland.

CLEAR CASE OF BUTTING IN

DIPLOMAT DITCHED WHEN IT BECAME NECESSARY.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 10.—Bellamy Storer, former ambassador to Austria-Hungary, today replied briefly to the statements contained in President Roosevelt's letter to Secretary of State Root, which was given to the press last night, insisting on the position he had heretofore taken, and reiterating the statements made by him in the statement to the members of the foreign relations committee of congress, made public last week.

Mr. Storer today said: "I seem to have been elected a member of the 'Annie Adams' club like all others who have come into dispute with President Roosevelt. I am now to be classed with Senators Chandler, Tillman and Bailey, and with others who have questioned some act or word of the president. Like every other American gentleman who has a wife to protect, I undertook to defend her name from insinuations and charges of falsehood."

Has More Ammunition.

Mr. Storer then reiterated much that appeared in his first statement, which he claims was intended for private circulation, and added that he has four letters bearing on the controversy as to the promotion of Archbishop Ireland, all of which he asserts tend to bear out his contention that "I obeyed the explicit instructions of Mr. Roosevelt in acting as I did with regard to the promotion."

Continuing, Mr. Storer said: "Archbishop Ireland told me also that in conversations with him took the credit for the action he now repudiates."

Mr. Storer continued:

"The crux of the matter which led to my removal was the action taken by Mrs. Storer and myself with regard to the promotion of Archbishop John Ireland of St. Paul to the cardinalate. My letter to the president and cabinet I cited letters written by Roosevelt to me speaking in the highest terms of Monsignor Ireland and expressing the personal wish that the country might profit by his promotion to the cardinalate."

Visit to Pope Pius X.

"Dec. 2, 1903, I had an audience with Pope Pius X, at which I transmitted a verbal note, the basis of which had been given by President Roosevelt. I was particularly careful in its preparation, and after transcribing it into English I translated it into French and conveyed it to the pope."

"The communication was as follows: 'He said to me, and authorized me to say to your holiness that the archbishop of St. Paul is his personal friend, and that he possessed his entire confidence as a prelate and as a citizen, that the president desired Monsignor Ireland all the honors in his church, and that he would view with the greatest pleasure and satisfaction his elevation to the rank of cardinal.'

Roosevelt Took the Credit.

"Now, as to the charge that I acted without warrant in this matter, I have only to cite the fact that Archbishop Ireland, in conversation with me, told me that President Roosevelt had told him of all I had done and instead of criticizing me for my actions, seemed to take great credit to himself."

"Everything was all right until a section of New York churchmen began to agitate the president against another archbishop other than Monsignor Ireland. They pointed out to Roosevelt that the New York prelate had at least as much claim to the red hat as the archbishop of St. Paul. This resulted in much perturbation at the White House and letters were sent to me by Roosevelt pointing out that what might be very appropriate as to the opinion of a private citizen would come with a very bad grace as president of the United States."

Distinction Drawn.

"Every one with a grain of sense knows that there has never been a question as to that. I knew in the entire transaction that I was not representing the official views of the president. This separation of the official and personal sides of the matter is not unique. McKinley did active, but his point of view was not that of the president. The result was that the main part of the pamphlet was sent broadcast from Washington to various news channels. My reasons for publishing the pamphlet were two-fold. In the first place, like any American husband, it was my duty to defend the name of my wife from imputations of alleged wrongdoing; in the second place, it was obligatory upon me to defend myself and not allow the American nation to think that I weakly accepted the action of the president in removing me."

Storer's Pamphlet.

"I caused all the correspondence in the case to be compiled into a pamphlet under legal advice, and had it printed in Boston soon after I reached home. I wish to state that each copy of it was sent out with a personal letter requesting personal consideration. The result was that the main part of the pamphlet was sent broadcast from Washington to various news channels."

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"Mr. Roosevelt is a man of great capability. He is impulsive and headstrong. He is active, but his point of view is subject to change like that of

Continued on Page 2.

## BONAPARTE NOT A TRUST BUSTER

Opposition in the Senate to Confirmation of Maryland Man as Attorney General.

CULBERSON LEADS ATTACK

QUOTES FORM SPEECH MADE IN CHICAGO IN 1899.

Washington, Dec. 10.—Opposition to Charles J. Bonaparte as attorney general prevented the confirmation of William H. Moody as associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, when his nomination was called up today in executive session of the senate. The opposition to Mr. Bonaparte was based upon a speech made by him in Chicago in September, 1899, before a conference held there to consider the trust question. In that speech Mr. Bonaparte declared that legislative action in regulation or restraint of combination was undesired. When the senate today Senator Culberson called attention to the fact that the position he is to vacate will be filled by Mr. Bonaparte, and he then read extracts from the Chicago speech in support of an argument that Mr. Bonaparte is not qualified to take the responsibility of enforcing anti-trust laws.

Mind May Have Changed.

Senator Knox, former attorney general, said that he had talked with Mr. Bonaparte and had found him thoroughly in sympathy with the administration in breaking up combinations of capital which operate in restraint of trade. He also remarked that probably there were few men in the senate chamber whose minds had not undergone questions since '99, when conditions were far different from what they are today.

Senator Rayner started to reply to this speech, when Vice President Fairbanks observed that the nomination before the senate was that of Mr. Moody, and not Mr. Bonaparte. This had the effect of curtailing the speech-making, but Senator Teller said that it was customary for all nominations to go over one day after being reported from committees, and he therefore objected to further consideration.

Confirmations.

A large number of nominations were confirmed. Among them were: Brigadier General Arthur MacArthur, to be lieutenant general; Brigadier General Jesse M. Lee, to be major general; Captain John J. Pershing, to be brigadier general; Colonel Ernest A. Callington, to be inspector general, with the rank of brigadier general; Colonel Culver C. Sniffen, to be paymaster general, with the rank of brigadier general; Colonel Arthur Murray, to be chief of artillery, with the rank of brigadier general; General Robert M. O'Reilly, to be surgeon general, with the rank of brigadier general.

LANGTON SUIT WITHDRAWN

President of Cache Stake Won't Prosecute Man Who Whipped Him.

(Special to The Herald.)

Logan, Utah, Dec. 10.—The charge of battery filed against Seth A. Langton by President Isaac Smith of Cache stake in the local police court a few days ago as a result of a fight in Langton's office, was withdrawn today and the following card sent to the papers:

"To the Public: The regrettable difficulty between the recently mentioned in the newspapers has been satisfactorily settled. Signed, Seth A. Langton and Isaac Smith."

The settlement came as the result of several meetings of the principals and their friends, and yesterday afternoon the two agreed to withdraw the suit. Notwithstanding the settlement, however, there are many who assert that Langton will lose his head as manager of the local branch of the Consolidated Wagon & Machine company.

OVERLAND LIMITED WRECKED IN NEVADA

Reno, Nev., Dec. 10.—One of the baggage cars and a mail car on the east-bound Overland Limited, No. 2, on the Southern Pacific, running east here, was wrecked this morning at Marcella, a small station fifty miles east of Reno. The wreck was caused by an upturned rail. The train was going at the rate of sixty miles an hour and so great was the force of the impact that the rail was driven clear through the floor of the mail car. The mail clerks had a narrow escape from death.

The cars were thrown over on their sides and it is regarded as marvelous that the occupants of the two cars escaped alive.

The passengers were badly shaken up, but no one was injured, so far as can be learned.

SERIES OF ACCIDENTS.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—Five men are dead as the result of accidents in the plants of the Illinois Steel company at Chicago during the last twenty-four hours. One was burned to death by falling upon a plate of red-hot steel; another was run down by a switch engine; a third was asphyxiated by coal gas; and two others were crushed to death by pieces of falling steel. All of the men were Polish and Hungarian laborers.

LUMBER DEALERS INDICTED.

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 10.—Ten prominent lumber dealers were today indicted by the grand jury for an alleged violation of the Oklahoma anti-trust laws by entering into a combination to fix prices. None of the indictments have been served. The names of the defendants were not made public. The grand jury is now investigating, under the personal direction of United States Attorney Embury, the coal trust said to exist in Oklahoma.

## INNOCENT VICTIMS IN LIFE TRAGEDY.



Above is little Mark, Mrs. Bradley's youngest child. At the right is Arthur, his elder brother. Photographs were taken just previous to Mrs. Bradley's departure for Washington.

Dragged almost from the shelter of their mother's arms into the limelight of an attempted murder, innocent of the calamity that has been heaped upon them, innocent of the desperate means a heart-broken woman has taken to set them right before the world and only wondering as the days go by "why murder ain't come 'ome," there are no more pathetic figures in Salt Lake today than Mrs. Anna Bradley's two little children, Arthur and Mark, of whom she names Arthur Brown as the father.

They are in the city with relatives, two lone some but courageous little fellows, aged seven and three years. There have been interesting little lives, filled with moves from one home to another, days of actual hunger and days when little hands were blue with cold, only to

change to months of new clothes, good things to eat and loads of toys. For the three weeks immediately prior to Mrs. Bradley's departure for Washington, Arthur and Mark, with Mrs. Bradley's other two children, lived at the Wilcox hotel. The pictures above were taken on the day before the mother left for the scene of Saturday's shooting.

The pictures were taken at the studio of M. W. Newcomb, 212 Main street.

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## GALE ALONG THE PACIFIC COAST

One Man Killed by Falling Walls in San Francisco and Others Injured.

San Francisco, Dec. 10.—A southeast gale sweeping along the coast at a registered velocity of forty-eight miles an hour today resulted in the death of one man in San Francisco and in the severe injury of several others. Shipping in the harbor was damaged considerably and in all quarters of the city tottering walls were hurled to the ground, blocking streets and interrupting traffic. Owing to danger from falling walls street car service was entirely suspended for a time and it is said that the company's office that if the gale continues no cars will be operated through the burned district.

John Rynhart, a laborer employed at the corner of Stockton and Broadway streets, was caught under a falling wall and was taken out dead. One of his companions, Adrian Esnoli, was so severely injured that his life is despaired of. In every section of the burned district ruins were razed, and that no more deaths were recorded is considered remarkable.

Car Lines Stopped.

San Jose, Cal., Dec. 10.—A severe wind-storm from the southeast blew all last night and today. Two poles of the Blue Lakes power line, which supplies electricity to the city, were blown down this morning, and for several hours all the street car lines and the establishments using electric light were down. Numerous signs and awnings were blown down, but no one was injured. A Calderon of Santa Clara was seriously injured today from the falling of an awning.

The rainfall at Los Gatos for the twenty-four hours ending at 2 p. m. today was 1.65 inches.

Sixty Mile Gale.

Vallejo, Cal., Dec. 10.—The wind here early this morning reached a velocity of sixty miles an hour and vessels here and at Mare Island were tossed about in an alarming manner, though no serious damage has been reported. A number of telegraph poles were prostrated and communication with many points interrupted.

Eight Firemen Injured

Portland Street Car Hits Truck on Way to Fire—Two of the Victims May Die.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 10.—While Truck 1 of the Portland fire department was crossing Third street at Couch, tonight, on the way to a fire at the foot of Couch street, a South Portland car of the Portland Railway & Power company, which, according to passengers, was traveling at a good rate of speed, ran into the truck, probably falling injuring two of the firemen and more or less seriously injuring six others.

Fatally Injured.

Tillerman Edward McDonald, Ladderman Edward Grenfell.

Injured.

Captain Frank Powell, Lieutenant Henry Hawkins, Driver William Herrman, Ladderman C. Montague, Ladderman H. Ach, South Conductor Craft and Motorman T. Scott, who were in charge of the street car, refuse to make any statements. The passengers on the car were not hurt.

DEMAND MORE WAGES.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—Committees representing the locomotive engineers today called upon the operating officials of the various railroads entering Chicago and placed their demands for an increase in wages and changes in their conditions of service. The engineers ask for a reduction of their working day from ten to eight hours, and a 5 per cent increase in their pay. The railroad officials told the men that their requests would be taken under advisement.

## SERIOUS BLOW TO SETTLERS

Imperial and Coachella Valleys Sure to Be Inundated by Colorado River.

Los Angeles, Dec. 10.—Telegraphic advice today from Yuma to General Superintendent R. H. Ingram of the Southern Pacific stated that the Colorado river levee was completely beaten down and that the flood waters were pouring uninterruptedly into Salton sink. The railroad officials have determined upon no definite plan of action. It is likely that they will immediately begin the building of another spur track along the border of Salton sea, thus anticipating the rise in the sea from the river inflow. It is suggested, but without official sanction, that the Southern Pacific will make another attempt to dam the runaway river.

Imperial, Cal., Dec. 10.—News of the break in the Colorado river has proved a serious blow to the people of the Imperial valley, who have as yet no plans for the future. There will be no interruption of farming or other business here for many months, even though the break in the river is not closed. The people can only await the action of the Southern Pacific railroad or possibly the federal government.

There is no farming land near the Salton sea, and no fear of inundation of any farms for a long time, probably a year, but unless immediate action is taken to erect a close of the break in the river, it is only a question of time when all of the Imperial and Coachella valleys will be inundated.

DEMURRER OF STANDARD OIL

Arguments Begun Before Judge Landis in Federal Court at Chicago, but Not Concluded.

Chicago, Dec. 10.—The fight of the Standard Oil company against the ten indictments against the Standard Oil company of Indiana, which were returned Aug. 23, was commenced today in the United States district court before Judge Landis. The indictments contain 6,248 counts, and the Standard Oil company has entered a demurrer. It is on the latter that the proceedings of today were based.

The attorneys for the Standard Oil company contended in support of their demurrer that section 10 of the rate law passed by congress June 23 repeals the Elkins law, under which the government is bringing the action against the company, and that the indictments are not sufficiently specific because they do not comprehend all of the elements in the case.

The contention that the Elkins law is repealed by the rate law and that the offenses alleged cannot therefore be punished under the former act was contradicted by United States District Attorney Sims, who declared that section 13 of the revised statutes covers the case, in that it states that the repeal of the old statute does not condone prior offenses unless the repealing act so specifies in particular.

District Attorney Sims, on behalf of the government, answered the arguments of Mr. Miller. When court adjourned late this afternoon Mr. Sims had not concluded his argument, and a postponement of the hearing was taken until Wednesday, as Judge Landis left for Ohio tonight to attend the funeral of a relative.

LAPPONI'S SUCCESSOR.

Rome, Dec. 10.—The pope has expressed his intention of appointing as his private physician, in succession to the late Dr. Lapponi, Dr. Ettore Marchisava.

## MOTHER HEARS SON SENTENCED

Chester E. Gillette Doomed to Die in Electric Chair Last Week in January.

Herkimer, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Chester E. Gillette was today sentenced to die in the electric chair at Auburn prison during the week beginning Jan. 23. The youth, convicted of the murder of his discarded sweetheart, Grace Brown, showed no sign of emotion when Justice Devondorf pronounced sentence. His voice was firm when, in reply to the formal question whether he had anything to say before sentenced was passed, he replied:

"I am innocent of the crime charged in the indictment, and therefore it should not be passed."

"Anything more?" asked the judge.

"No, I think not," he answered. Sentence was then pronounced.

His Mother With Him.

His mother sat near him, having arrived from Denver this forenoon. While the son was being led from court Mrs. Gillette prepared to send a news dispatch to Denver and New York newspapers which have secured her as special correspondents.

"Oh, don't speak harshly of me," she said to reporters who crowded about her. "I am doing this so I can pay my way and arrange for a new trial. It will take a large amount of money, and I was able to bring but little from my home."

Mrs. Gillette's attention was called to a telegram sent from the jail this week by her son, in which he said that a story that he had confessed was false, and urging her to remain away until a new trial was granted.

Believes Him Innocent.

"The telegram was mutilated before it reached me," Mrs. Gillette said. "I did not know he had not confessed until I saw him this morning. I am firmly convinced of his innocence, but I shall beg on my bended knees that he confess if he is guilty."

Gillette's counsel moved that the verdict be set aside and a new trial granted. The motion was denied, as was another motion that judgment be arrested.

TWO THOUSAND MEN GO OUT

Industrial Workers of the World on Strike Because Three Comrades Were Discharged.

Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 10.—Two thousand members of the Industrial Workers of the World struck at the local plant of the General Electric company today, because the company refused to reinstate three members of the union, two of whom had been discharged for inefficiency, but I shall beg on my bended knees that he confess if he is guilty."

The officials of the company say they will close the plant if necessary to maintain discipline, and that the places of the strikers can be filled without difficulty. The men, on the other hand, threaten to close the company's power plant, which would deprive the entire pumping station, the local trolley lines and lighting circuits of power.

ENTOMBED MEN ALIVE.

Los Angeles, Dec. 10.—A message from Bakersfield, where six miners were entombed last Friday, says that signals were received indicating positively that the men were alive at 11 o'clock this morning.

## ADAMS' NAME COUPLED WITH BROWN'S

Letters, Telegram and Veiled Woman's Call Indicate Jealousy May Have Prompted Shooting.

Mrs. Bradley Urges Matron to Send for Mrs. Adams—Senator's Life Hangs by Thread.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, Dec. 10.—Insane jealousy, it is now believed, may have been the motive which actuated Mrs. Anna M. Bradley in shooting Arthur Brown in the Raleigh hotel Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Bradley Anxious.

Mrs. Bradley was much interested in the report today that Mrs. Annie Adams of Philadelphia, mother of Maude Adams, the actress, had arrived in Washington and had made an effort to see Senator Brown at the hospital. She urged the matron to send for Mrs. Adams, declaring that it was important that she see her at once.

There is little question but the heavily-veiled woman who called on the senator at the Emergency hospital Sunday afternoon was Mrs. Adams, who left Salt Lake some time ago.

The police authorities have today been making a more extended examination of the contents of Mrs. Bradley's trunk and telescope, and are convinced that a number of letters from the ex-senator and others addressed to him will play an important part in the case. When Mrs. Bradley was first taken to the police station, she said the evidence of justification for the shooting could be found in her trunk and from cursory examination it was at first thought she referred to pictures of her children. It is now believed she referred to letters, and that she obtained these from Brown's room in the Raleigh hotel prior to the time she and Brown met. It is stated that some of the letters found in her possession, addressed to Brown, were signed "Annie," and it is believed the writer of these letters is Mrs. Annie Adams of Salt Lake City.

Mrs. Bradley's Admission.

Mrs. Bradley has refused to discuss these letters and how she happened to get possession of them.

Upon the floor of Brown's room were found scraps of torn letters which the police think were torn by Mrs. Bradley. A Washington evening newspaper publishes a statement tonight that Mrs. Bradley has admitted that she knew that Brown had received letters since his arrival in Washington from Mrs. Adams, and that she knew that he corresponded with Mrs. Adams and that she left Salt Lake for Washington after learning that Brown was to meet Mrs. Adams in New York after finishing his case in the supreme court.

MRS. ANNIE ADAMS.

## LIFE OF ARTHUR BROWN HANGS BY MERE THREAD

Washington, Dec. 10.—The life of former United States Senator Arthur Brown, of Utah, who was shot by Mrs. Anna M. Bradley in his hotel apartments here Saturday afternoon, tonight is hanging by a mere thread. Little hope for his recovery is held out by attendants at the Emergency hospital, but his physician, Dr. W. P. Carr, still has some hope that his patient will survive. Senator Brown's temperate and steady habits, and his steadily growing weaker.

Brown has seen no one today but his daughter and son. Both have spent much of today at the hospital, but have been with their father but a few moments at a time. Mrs. Bradley's friends have been flooded with phone calls since the shooting. It is understood that Colonel E. B. Tamm, who appeared for Mrs. Bradley's friends here, in an effort to ascertain the exact condition of Senator Brown's estate. Colonel Tammbeck secured a mortgage of \$15 a month for his client in the suit referred to above.

SOAKED FOR \$6,000.

Edgar and Earl Plead Guilty to Accepting Rebates.

New York, Dec. 10.—C. Goodloe Edgar and Edwin Earl, members of the firm of William F. Edgar & Sons, sugar dealers of Detroit, today, in the United States court, pleaded guilty of accepting rebates on sugar shipments. They were fined \$6,000 each. The fines were paid. Edgar and Earl were indicted in connection with the New York central Railroad company and the American Sugar Refining company.

The New York company was fined \$108,000, and the sugar company \$15,000, after being convicted by jury trial.

RETURNS ARE CANVASSED.

Official Pluralities of Successful Candidates for School Board.

The board of education met yesterday at noon to sit as a board of canvassers to make the official count of the votes cast in the recent election for members of the board.

The count showed but few changes from the report printed by The Herald the day following the election. The pluralities received by the successful candidates followed:

First—Ward-Byron Cummings, 140.  
Second—M. J. Cheesman, 32.  
Third—William J. Newman, 76.  
Fourth—J. T. Hammond, 15.  
Fifth—H. P. Henderson, 79.

PROBABLY IN MEXICO.

Kansas City, Dec. 10.—William C. Anderson, teller in the First National bank of this city, who disappeared on Dec. 1, is believed by the local police to have gone to Old Mexico. Anderson on several occasions spent his vacations in the City of Mexico, and he is said to have planned to make business investments there. The police discredit the stories that Anderson was accompanied by a woman not his wife. The bank officials insist that his shortage will not exceed \$3,000.

ARGUMENT ENDED.

New York, Dec. 10.—Both the prosecution and defense summed up today in the trial of George Burnham, Jr., convicted for the Mutual Reserve Life Insurance company, on a charge of larceny of \$7,500 from the company.

Justice Greenbaum announced that he would deliver his charge to the jury tomorrow.

SCENE COMPLICATES IT.

Important Witnesses Will Journey to Washington.

Barth & Bagley, Mrs. Bradley's local attorneys, stated late last night that they had received no advice from their client during the afternoon or evening. The act being committed at Washington has complicated matters greatly. Judge Barth stated yesterday that in the trial of Mrs. Bradley the most important witnesses to be called would be taken to Washington, while depositions would be used for the less important witnesses.

The local friends of Mrs. Bradley, headed by her relatives here and those who have been communicated with, have come to the front with money enough for all present needs of the case, though everything is in abeyance pending a decided